SEC-04-01-S

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Replaces: IT Security Standard 141.10 (8.4) December 11, 2017

## DATA BACKUP AND RECOVERY STANDARD

## See Also:

RCW 43.105.054 WaTech Governance

RCW 43.105.052 Powers and duties of agency-Application to higher education, legislature, and judiciary.

RCW <u>43.105.020</u> (22) "State agency"

RCW 43.105.450 Office of Cybersecurity

NIST 800-209 Security Guideline for Storage Infrastructure

- 1. Each agency must establish <u>backup</u> and <u>recovery procedures</u> for data processed and stored on IT resources.
  - a. Agencies are responsible for ensuring the backup of their data. Agencies must ensure the following resources have <u>immutable</u> backups:
    - i. Mission critical.
    - ii. Business essential.
    - iii. Containing category 3 or category 4 data as defined in the <u>SEC-08-01-S Data Classification Standard</u>.
  - b. Agencies must determine backup rotation requirements on the results of a <u>business impact analysis</u> and IT <u>risk assessment</u>.
  - c. Agencies that use backup media must establish a backup rotation strategy based on the following factors:
    - i. Useful life of the backup media.
    - ii. The system's Recovery Point Objective (RPO)
    - iii. The volume of data required to complete a single backup.
- 2. Agencies using a vendor service to perform their backups are responsible for coordinating with the vendor to document the backup plan and ensuring that:
  - a. Backups are completed successfully.
  - b. Backup and recovery plan, procedures, and retention schedules are

documented.

- c. Agency management or their designee must review monthly and ensure that appropriate, proper backups are being made.
- d. Backup frequency must be based on the <u>criticality</u> and <u>sensitivity</u> of the data along with the <u>Recovery Time Objective (RTO)</u>.
- e. At least two copies of the backups must be maintained to ensure recovery should any of the backups not recover properly, with at least one of those backups stored off-site according to <a href="Cybersecurity">Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) Data Backup Options</a> and best practices:
  - i. Maintain three (3) copies of backups: one (1) primary and two (2) redundant copies.
  - ii. Maintain the backups on different storage media.
  - iii. Store one (1) copy offsite.
- f. Backup logs, backup reports, or other backup audit trails must be maintained to track backup media; the information, data, or files backed up on the media, the date and time of the backup, and the successful completion of the backup.
- g. Agencies and host IT service providers must specify responsibilities and a schedule for backups in a written agreement as per the Data Sharing Policy.
- 3. Agencies performing their own backups must document the data backup plan for the IT systems in their environments including:
  - a. The business criticality of resources processing agency data. See the <u>MGMT-01-01-S Technology Portfolio Foundation Applications Standard</u> for additional information.
  - b. Identification of the system, application, or data to be recovered. Agency recovery plans must prioritize business essential and mission critical systems.
  - c. Network and system architecture diagrams, system setup documentation, and any other information required for full recovery of systems, applications, or data.

- d. Identification and contact information of the primary and secondary staff responsible for accomplishing the recovery.
- e. Location of backups.
- f. Specific step-by-step instructions for accomplishing the recovery.
- g. Any additional requirements resulting from following <u>SEC-12 IT Disaster</u> <u>Recovery Planning policy</u>.
- 4. Agencies must revise the recovery strategies upon the addition of computing and network devices to their environments.
- 5. Agencies must perform and document testing of their data backup and recovery plan.
  - a. Agencies must develop, document, and follow their procedures to test their backup and recovery plan at least annually.
  - b. Agencies must document results from each area (system, application, and data) of the backup and recovery tests, including the following:
    - i. Success or failure of the backup or recovery test.
    - ii. Identification of the failure root cause(s).
    - iii. Timeline for remediation of the root cause(s).
- 6. Agencies must maintain at least one copy of the recovery procedure off-site and revise the backup procedure at least annually.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. Definition of Terms Used in WaTech Policies and Reports
- 2. SEC-08-01-S Data Classification Standard
- 3. Washington Secretary of State Retention Schedules
- 4. MGMT-01-01-S Technology Portfolio Foundation Standard- Applications
- 5. <u>SEC-12 Information Technology Disaster Recovery Planning</u>
- 6. SEC-08 Data Sharing Policy
- 7. CISA Data Backup Options
- 8. NIST Cybersecurity Framework Mapping:
  - Protect.Information Protection Processes and Procedures-4 (PR.IP-4):
    Backups of information are conducted, maintained, and tested
  - Protect.Data Security-4 (PR.DS-4): Adequate capacity to ensure availability is maintained.

• Recover.Recovery Planning-1 (RC.RP-1): Recovery plan is executed during or after a cybersecurity incident.

## **CONTACT INFORMATION**

• For questions about this policy, please email the <u>WaTech Policy Mailbox</u>.